## Hg in Canadian Wildlife: Trends and Toxic Impacts

#### Tony M. Scheuhammer

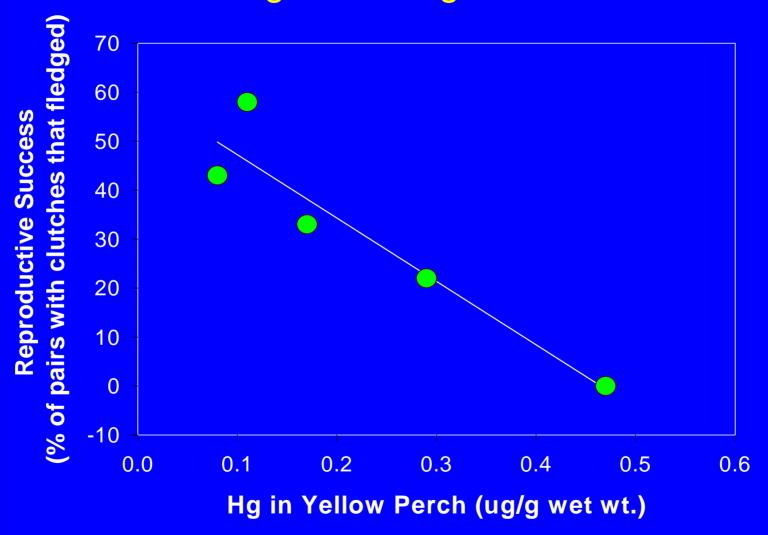
Environment Canada
Canadian Wildlife Service
National Wildlife Research Centre

#### In conjunction with:

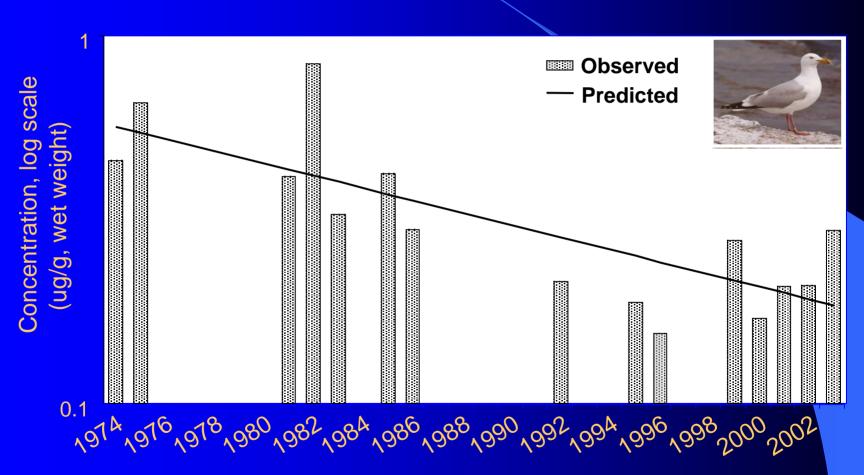


Nil Basu (McGill)
Birgit Braune (NWRC)
Neil Burgess (CWS – Atlantic)
Dave Evers (BioDiversity Inc.)
Mike Meyer (Wisconsin DNR)
Shari Weech (UBC)
Chip Weseloh (CWS – Ontario)

## Hg in Fish vs. Loon Reproductive Success, English-Wabigoon River

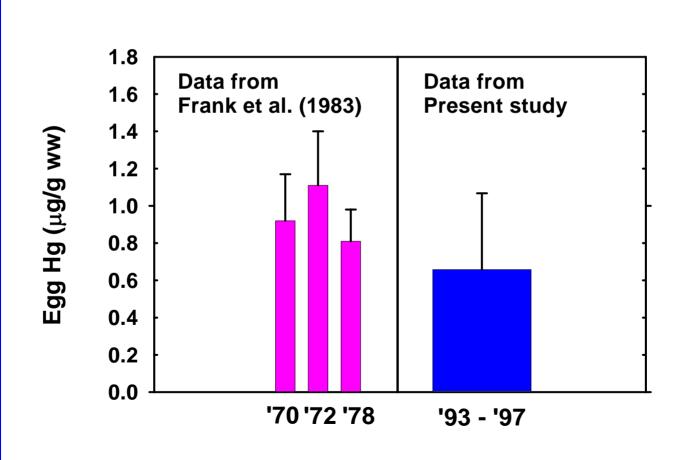


#### Mercury in Herring Gull eggs Snake Island, Lake Ontario 1974 - 2003

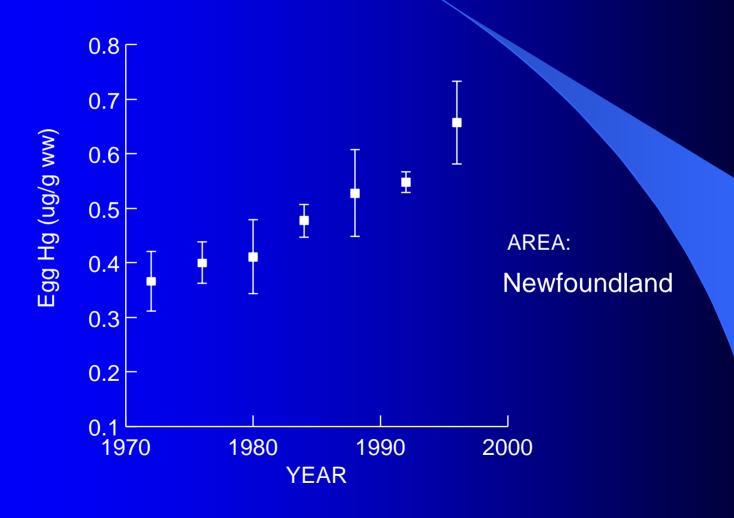


Courtesy of D.V. Weseloh CWS, Ontario Region

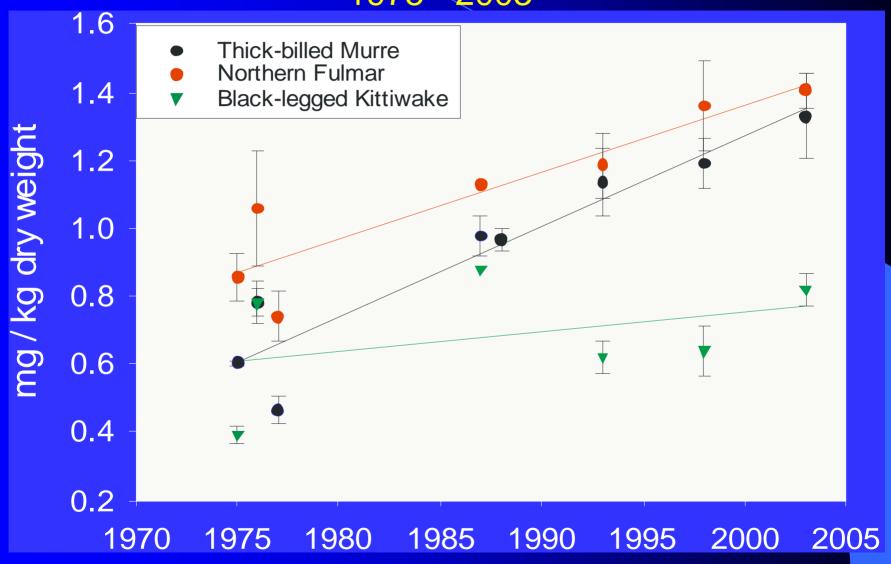
## Hg in Loon Eggs (S. Ontario) 1970s vs. 1990s



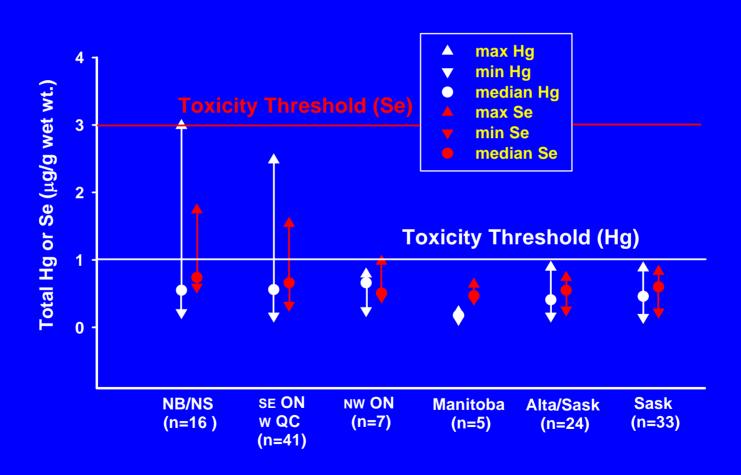
## Hg in Eggs of Leach's Storm Petrel from Atlantic Canada



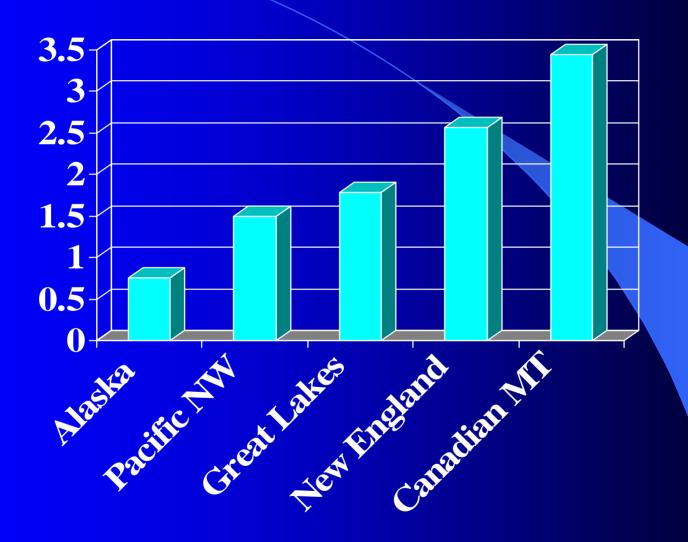
#### Mercury in Arctic Seabird Eggs Prince Leopold Island 1975 - 2003



# Hg and Se in Loon Eggs from Canada (east to west)



### Geographic Trend in Loon Hg Exposure





## Loon Egg Summary

Nine of 57 (~16%) loon eggs collected from eastern Canada had Hg concentrations greater than the level generally associated with reproductive impairment in birds (1 ug/g ww)

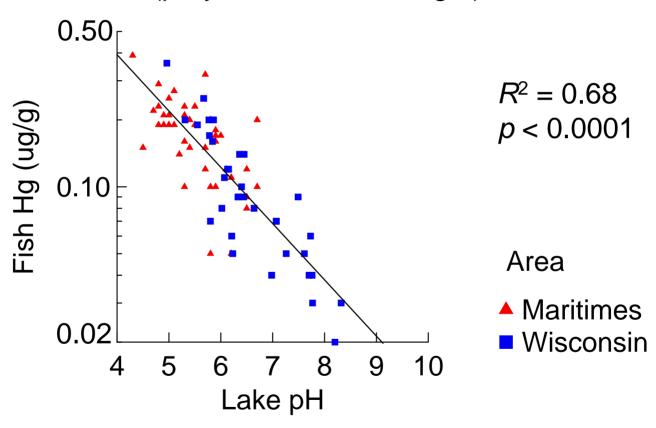
Tero of 69 (0%) loon eggs collected from western Canada had concentrations greater than the threshold for reproductive impairment

## Loon Egg Summary (cont.)

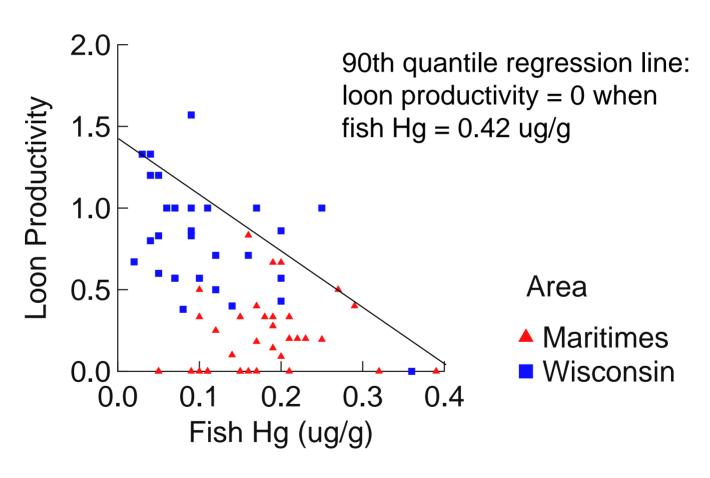
from areas of eastern Canada characterized by dilute, low alkalinity waters impacted by acid deposition.

### Fish Hg related to lake pH

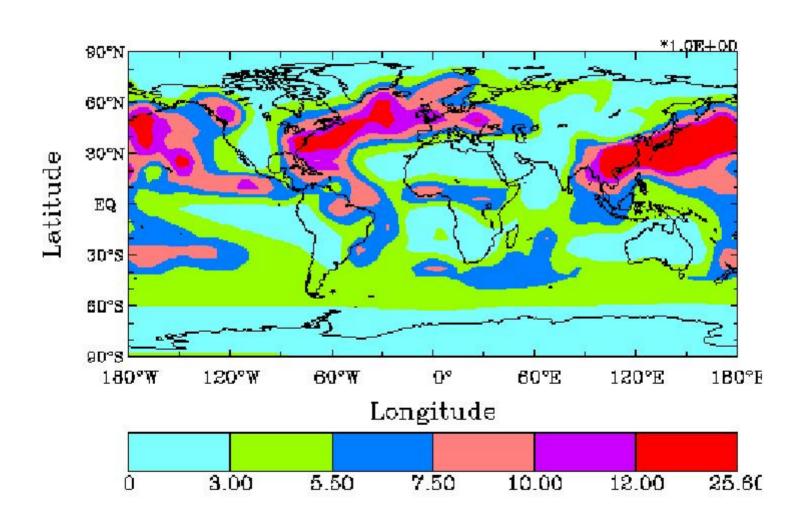
(prey fish 3" - 5" in length)



### Consider Fish Hg as Limiting Factor

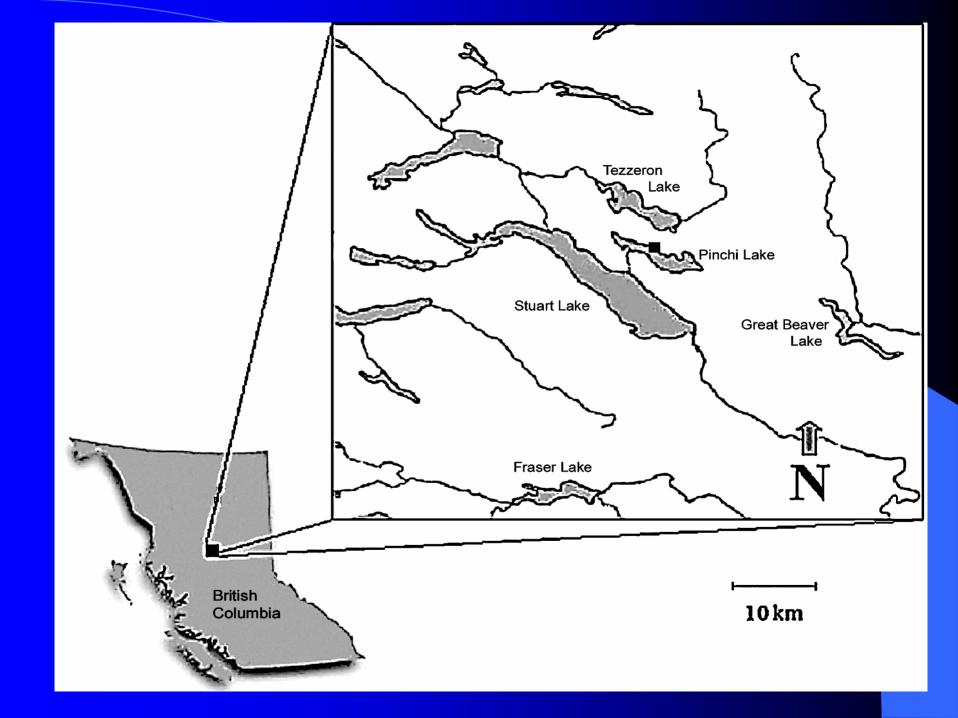


# The wet deposition flux of total mercury (µg/m²-y)

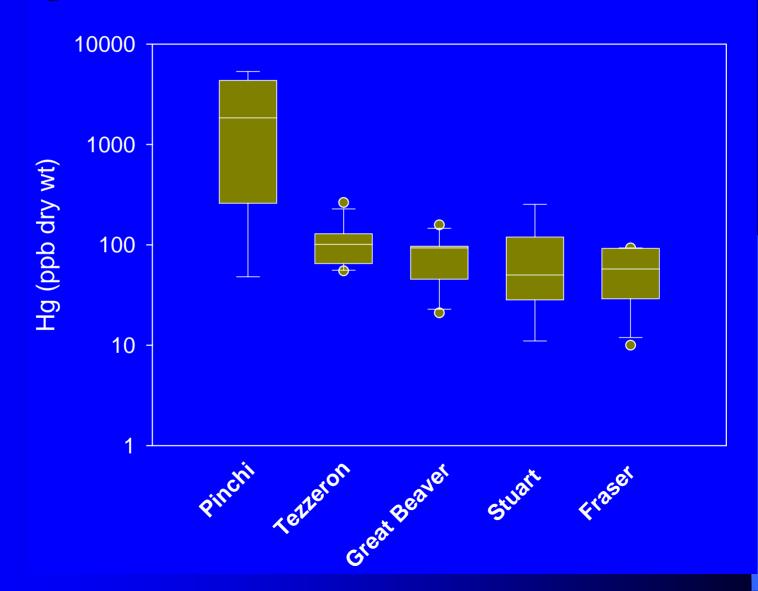


### Pinchi L., BC Study Area

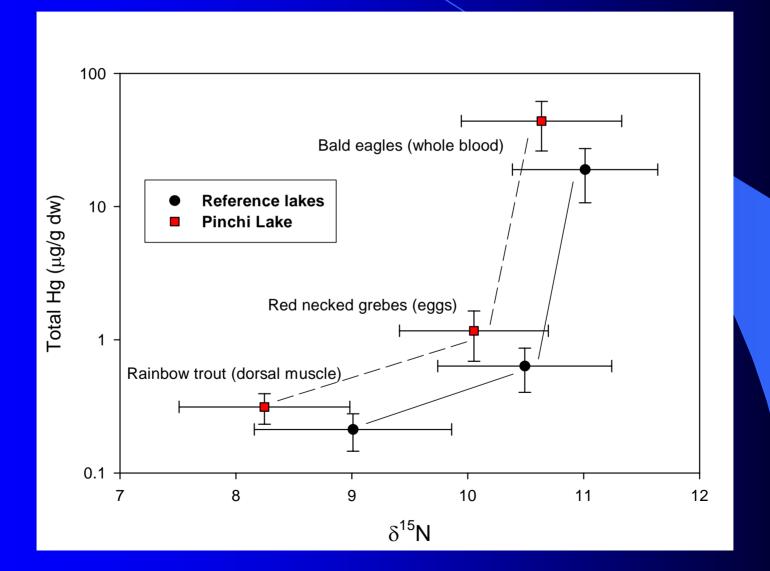




## [Hg] in Surface Sediments



## Hg at various trophic levels, Pinchi L. vs. nearby reference lakes



## **Neurochemical Biomarkers**

0.05 - 1ppm dietary MeHg

(environmentally realistic exposure)

MERCURY

BRAIN CHEMISTRY

IMPAIRED BEHAVIOUR

### Wild Mink - Muscarinic Receptor

